

# RE-ENGINEERING RETENTION: NEW WINE IN AN OLD BOTTLE

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## Session Overview

- Welcome and Introductions
- Context
  - The John N. Gardner Institute for Excellence in Undergraduate Education
  - Overview of Foundations of Excellence (FoE)
- The Studies
  - Retention, Retention-Related Tuition Impact, and Return on Investment Analyses
- Promising Practices – “What They Did”
  - Retention Related Practices
- Questions and Discussion

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## Session Goals

- To share the context of and research supporting the benefits associated with creating a plan for new student success
- To show some promising practices associated with plans for new student success
- To share why, when it comes to retention, creating and implementing a plan for new student success is “new wine in an old bottle!”

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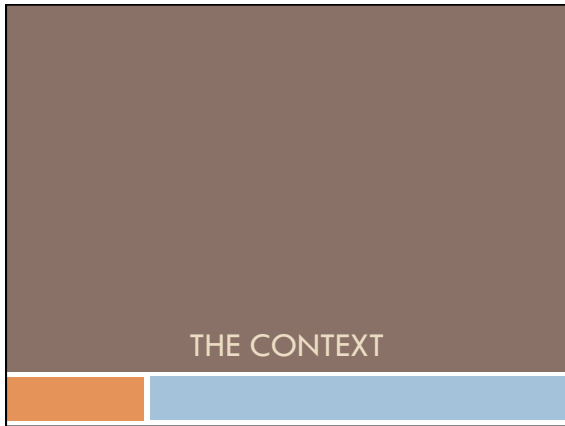
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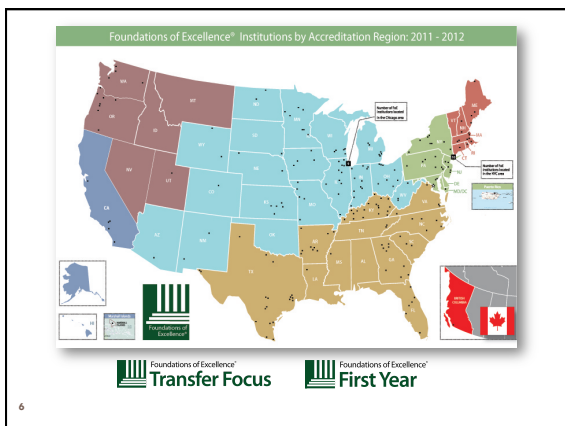
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## What is Foundations of Excellence?

- Comprehensive Improvement process
- A task force-based form of assessment
- Affirms what is working well
- Identifies areas for improvement
- Results in a strategic action plan
  - A plan that must then be implemented!
- Moves the focus beyond retention

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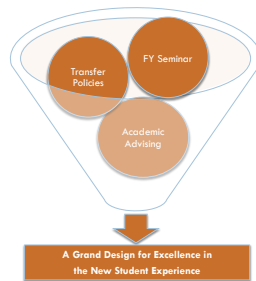
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## Why is a self study of the first year and/or transfer experience needed?

Because most campuses  
programs and policies but  
not a **comprehensive  
design/plan**



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## The **BIG** Take Away

**A Program is NOT a Plan . . .**

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Foundations of Excellence®

## How does FoE work?

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## The Intellectual Framework



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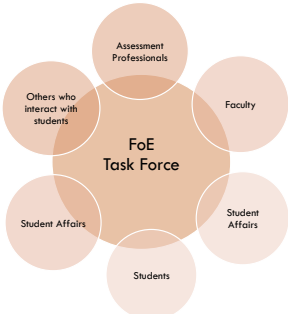
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## The FoE Task Force: Composition and Roles



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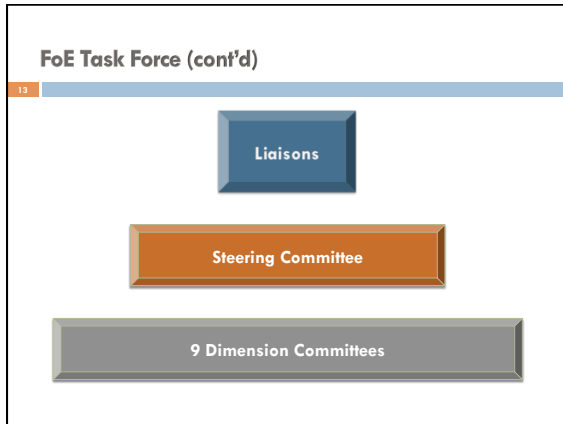
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- Tools Provided through FoEtec®**
- 14
- The Current Practices Inventory (CPI)
  - FoE Faculty/Staff & Student Surveys
  - Performance Indicators specific to each Dimension
  - Online access for all task force members to self-study components

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## Why was the study necessary?

- Focus on Excellence
- Growing emphasis on accountability
- Public calls for productivity amidst rising higher education costs
- National Completion Agenda
- Calls for correlation between retention and work
  - Retention as a by product of an excellent new student experience

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## THE STUDIES

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## Method

- March and April of 2010 staff of Gardner Institute electronically surveyed 144 institutional participants in the Foundations of Excellence program (FoE)
  - Survey asked questions about year of self study, year of implementation of action plan, level of implementation, and efficacy beliefs about the plan
- 12 email messages never received so total survey population was 132
- 103 institutions responded to survey (78% response rate)
  - Survey results were replicated across the 3 site locations of what institution since each campus participated in the program
- Fall to Fall one-year retention rates were pulled from the Integrated Postsecondary Educational Data System (IPEDS) and matched to institutional survey results
  - Most recent available retention rate was as of fall 2008 (fall 2007 cohort)
  - Retention rates gathered for institutions who had taken part in FoE self-study in fall 2008 or earlier

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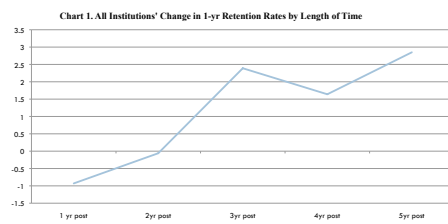
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## Method

- 91 Institutions had viable one-year retention rates report for fall 2008 or earlier
  - 83 of 91 institutions fell into the analysis based on the year of their self study (self-study conducted prior to 2008-09)
  - 71 of 91 institutions fell into the analysis based on the year of their implementation (implemented action plan at some level in 2008-09 or earlier)
  - 8 institutions reported conducting the self study and implementation both in 2008-09 and thus were in the implementation analysis (71) but not the self-study analysis (81)
- Repeated measures (within-subjects) ANOVA utilized to examine time series differences in one-year retention rates
  - Retention rate differences between self-study year and subsequent years
  - Retention rate differences between year prior to implementation of action plan, year of implementation, and subsequent years

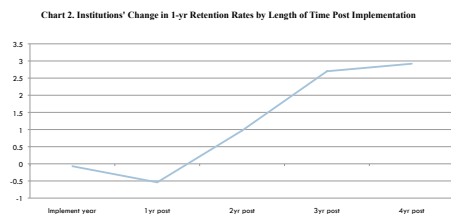
## Overall Rates Post Self-study

	1-year post self study	2-years post self study	3-years post self study	4-years post self study	5-years post self study
Change in Rate	-0.93	-0.06	2.39**	1.64	2.85
N	83	66	43	19	19



## Overall Rates Post Implementation

Implement Action Plan	Variable	Pre-implementation	Pre to 1-year post implementation	Pre to 2-year post implementation	Pre to 3-year post implementation	Pre to 4-year post implementation
	Change in Rate	-0.07	-0.54	0.97	2.70	2.92
	N	71	54	39	20	13



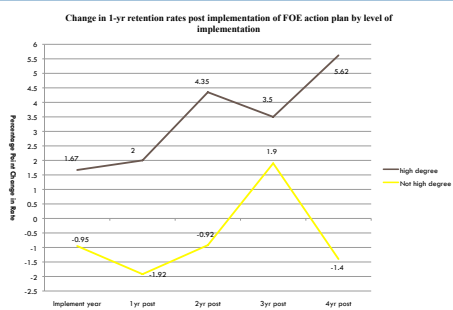
## Level of Implementation

Implement Action Plan	Variable	1-year post self study	2-years post self study	3-years post self study	4-years post self study	5-years post self study
Not at all	Change in Rate	-8.20*	-0.50	0.00		
	N	5	2	1		
Limited Degree	Change in Rate	-0.28*	-0.25	1.11	1.50	1.25
	N	14	12	9	4	4
Medium Degree	Change in Rate	-1.53*	-1.80	0.93	-3.20	-2.40
	N	32	26	13	5	5
High Degree**	Change in Rate	1.04*	1.43	4.66	4.57	5.86
	N	25	21	15	7	7

## Level of Implementation

Implement Action Plan	Variable	Preimplement to implement	Pre to 1-year post implement	Pre to 2-year post implement	Pre to 3-year post implement	Pre to 4-year post implement
Limited Degree	Change in Rate	0.00	-0.70*	1.50*	2.00	-0.50
	N	12	10	8	4	2
Medium Degree	Change in Rate	-1.28	-2.40*	-2.06*	1.84	-2.00
	N	35	25	17	6	3
High Degree***	Change in Rate	1.67	2.00*	4.35*	3.50	5.62
	N	24	19	14	10	8

## Level of Implementation





## Follow Up Studies

- Examination of full and part-time retention rates at two-year institutions
  - 30 of 31 institutions match self-study criteria
  - 25 of 31 institutions match implementation criteria
- Examination of full-time retention rates at private institutions
  - 22 of 22 institutions match self-study criteria
  - 19 of 22 institutions match implementation criteria
  - Conducted a year later so now could see 6 years post self study and 5 years post implementation
- Revenue Analysis
  - 111 institutions data from 2007 through 2009
  - Examine retention revenue gain/loss separately from overall enrollment revenue gain/loss
  - Change in enrollment multiplied by tuition and fee revenue per student, retention gain/loss of students multiplied by tuition and fee revenue

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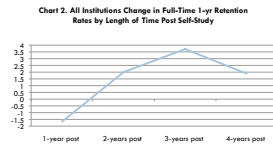
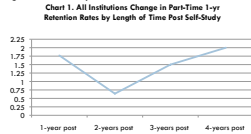
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## Two Year Institutions

- Saw gains in both part time and full-time retention rates post self study




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## Two Year Institutions

- Results by implementation are mixed, low implementers and high implementers saw gains in part and full-time retention rates, but medium implementers decreased
- However, given the lack of sample size (cell sizes < 5, often < 2 past the 1 year post implementation mark) it is difficult to draw firm conclusions
- All institutions that participated in both FoE and Achieving the Dream had success
  - All had implemented FoE action plan to at least a medium level
  - Gains were made in both part time and full time rates post implementation
  - Must be considered with caution as it only consists of 4 schools

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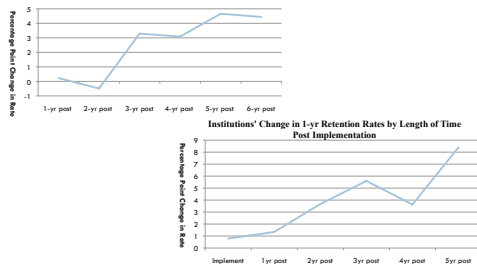
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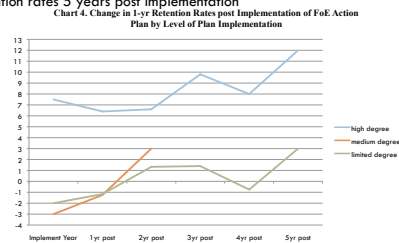
## Private Institutions

- Results similar to overall analysis, but even larger gains, Institutions' Change in 1-yr Retention Rates by Length of Time Post Self-Study



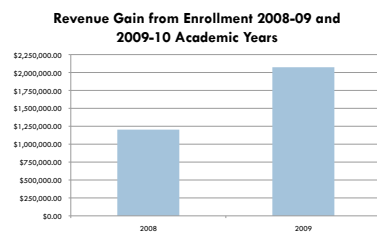
## Private Institutions

- High Implementers see a 12 percentage point (17.5%) gain in full-time retention rates 5 years post implementation



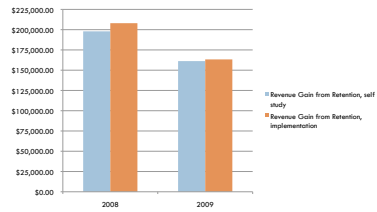
## Revenue Analysis

- Overall the institutions saw revenue gains from increased enrollment in 2008 and 2009



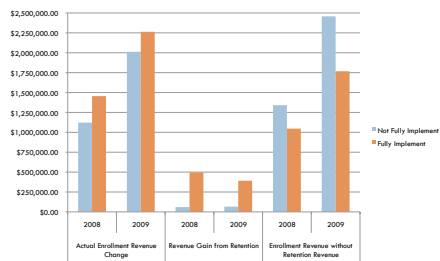
### Revenue Analysis

- Retention gains contributed to the revenue gains with institutions who implemented their FoE action plans seeing slightly larger gains



### Revenue Analysis

- Institutions that fully implemented saw revenue growth from retention gains, while institutions that did not fully implement had to enroll more students to offset the lack of revenue growth from retention



### Revenue Analysis

$$ROI = \frac{(\text{Gain from Investment} - \text{Cost of Investment})}{\text{Cost of Investment}}$$

### Revenue Analysis

- 151 Institutions in 5 Cohorts Between 2003-04 and 2008-09
- Average FoE Fee Paid by Institutions = \$18,119
- Average Retention Revenue 2008 = \$496,321
- $\text{ROI} = \$496,321 - \$18,119 / \$18,119$
- $\text{ROI} = \$26.39$
- For every \$1 invested, average ROI is \$26.39
- Over a 2500% return on the investment

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### Conclusion

- Analysis indicates that implementation of FoE action plans is significantly positively related to increases in first-year retention rates across different institution types
- Institutions on average saw a more than 2500% return on their investment for one year of revenue
- Mitigating factors in the relationship between FoE and retention consist of time and resources to allow for a full implementation of action plan

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### The **BIG** Take Aways

**A Program is NOT a Plan . . .**

**You have to IMPLEMENT the Plan . . .**

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## PROMISING PRACTICES: WHAT THE INSTITUTIONS DID

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### What Did They Do?

**It Depends . . .**

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### Actions Most Commonly Implemented

By the Most Successful Institutions

Implemented or revised a specific first-year program	16
Revised advising program (includes requirements and # of advisors)	7
Curriculum changes (includes general education, core and FYS courses)	7
Improved, reinstated or required pre-enrollment orientation	5
Added to faculty development (includes TA/adjunct training)	5
Revised a policy or procedure (e.g., placement, enrollment, scheduling)	5

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### Actions Most Commonly Implemented

By the Most Successful Institutions

Instituted FYE committee/ council	3
Created a one-stop office for student success services	3
Implemented an early alert system	3
Hired a Director for FY programs (faculty and/or student services)	3
Used research/data and program assessment more effectively	3

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### Common Themes

**The Plan!**  
**(Context Matters)**

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### Common Themes

**Implement The Plan!**

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QUESTIONS & DISCUSSION

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Contact Information

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